

Name: _____

Kinds of Clouds

CIRRUS

White,
feathery,
highest



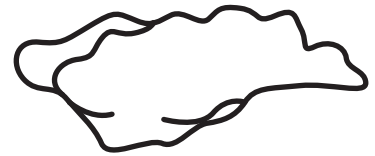
STRATUS

Wide blankets
of gray,
“high fogs”
low



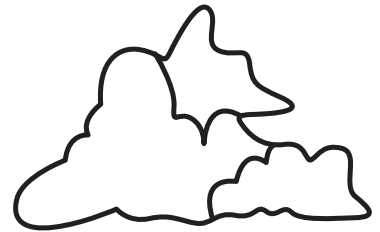
STRATOCUMULUS

Gray, low in
the sky,
lumpy



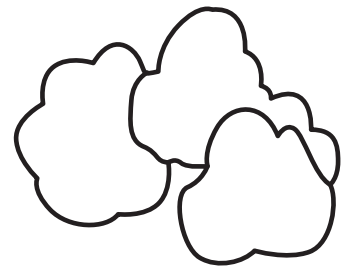
CUMULUS

Puffy, flat
bottoms, low
in the sky



CUMULONIMBUS

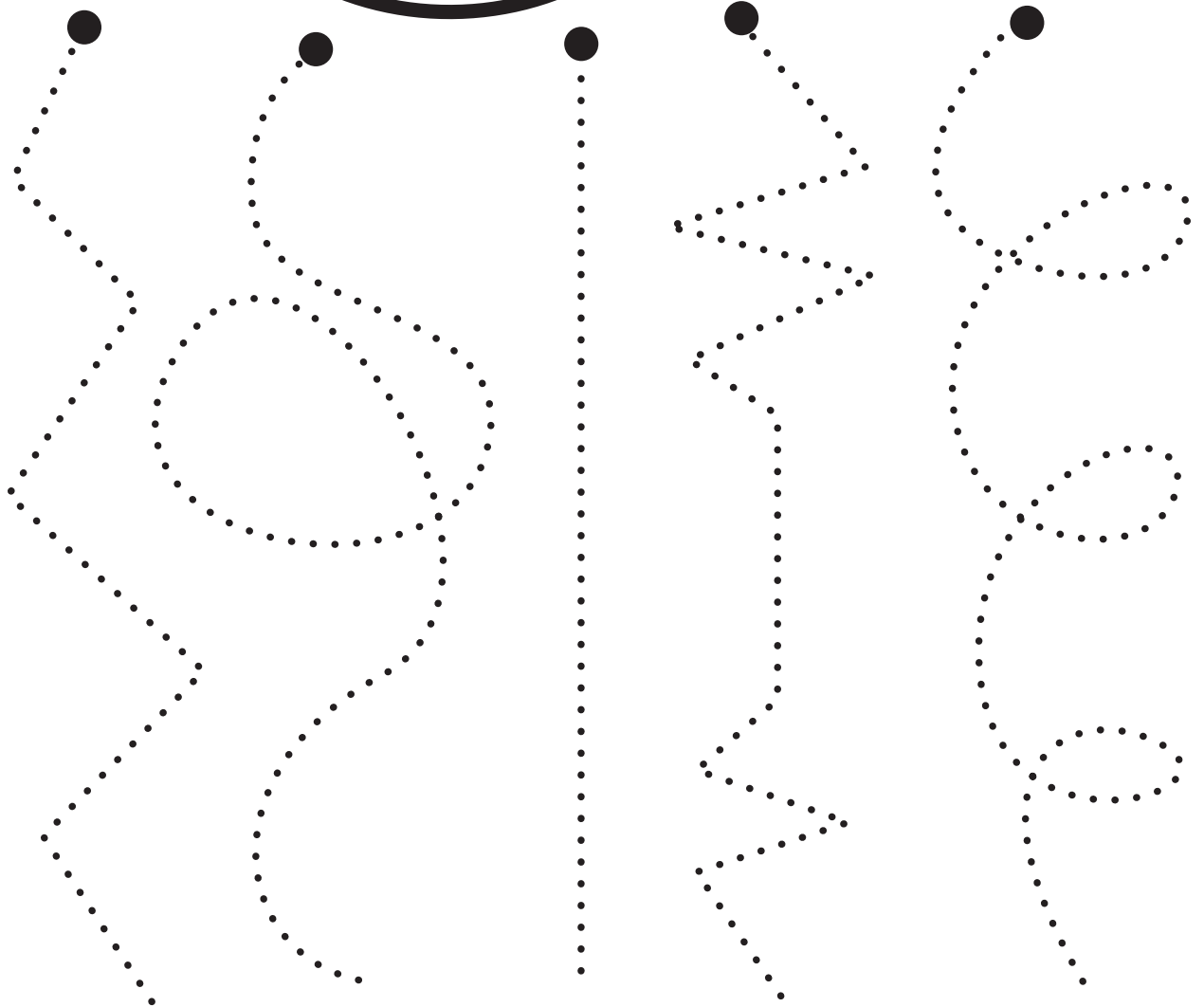
Thunderstorm
clouds, look like
mountains of very
tall cumulus clouds



Name: _____

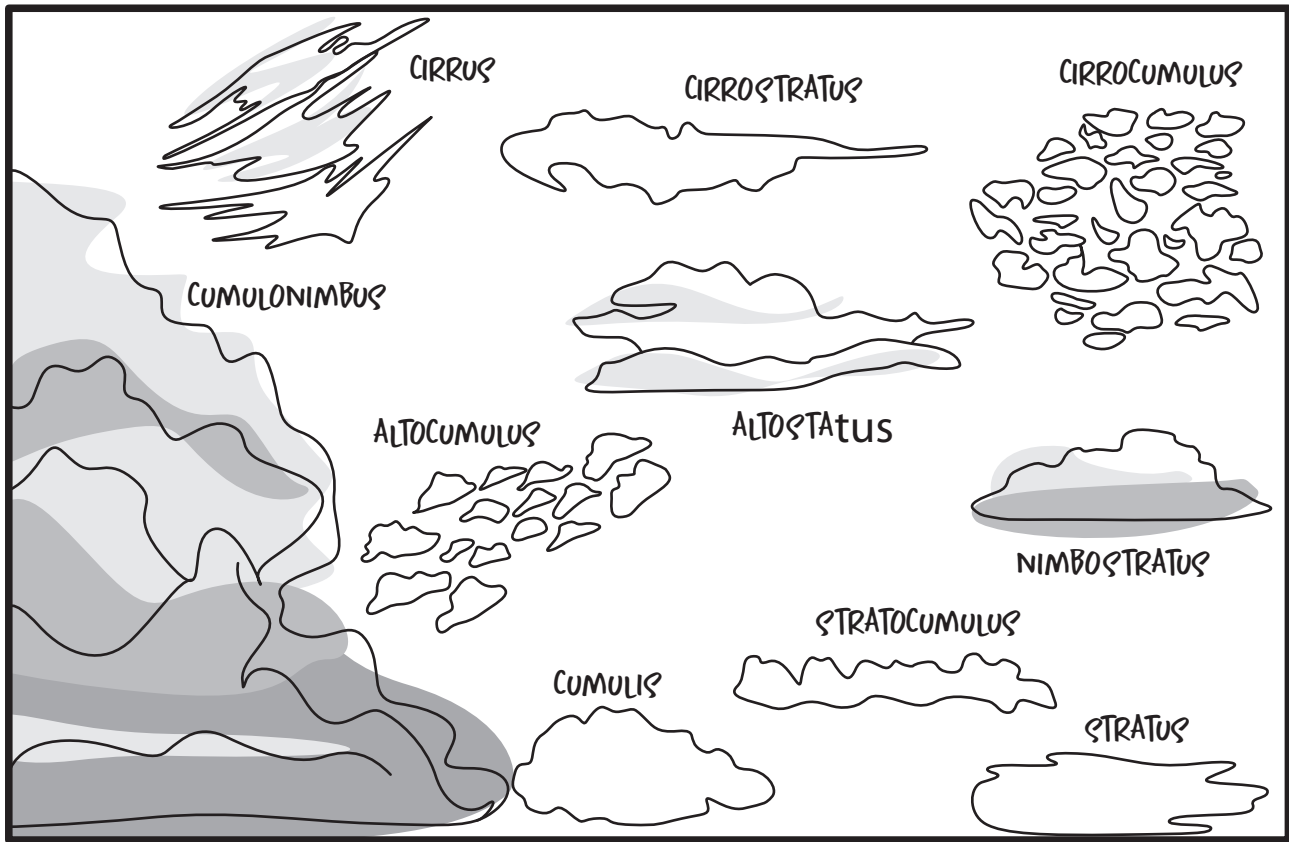
Weather Tracing

Directions: Trace the lines.



Name: _____

Types of Clouds



Directions: Circle the letter of the correct answer.

1. Which cloud is a high level cloud?

- A. Altopumulus B. Stratus C. Cirrus

2. Which cloud is a mid-level cloud?

- A. Altopumulus B. Cirrus C. Cirrocumulus

3. Which cloud is a low level cloud?

- A. Cirrocumulus B. Altopumulus C. Stratus

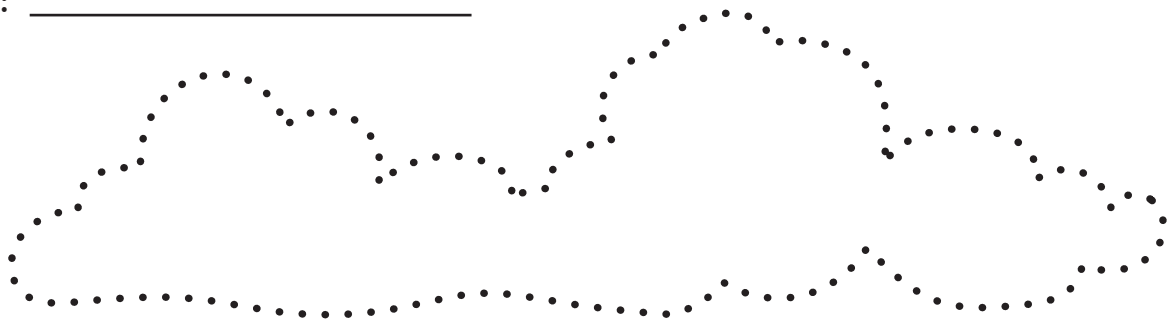
4. Which type of cloud may cover all levels?

- A. Cirrostratus B. Cumulonimbus C. Cirrus

5. How many main types of clouds are there?

- A. 10 B. 6 C. 27

Name: _____



clouds

What are clouds?

A cloud is a large group of tiny _____ droplets or ice crystals that can be seen in the _____.

Air contains water, but near the ground it is usually in the form of a gas called water _____. When warm air rises up, it cools and expands. Cool air can't hold as much water, so some of the water vapor in the air condenses onto tiny pieces of _____, forming a droplet around them. When billions of these particles group together, they form a _____.

AIR

VAPOR

WATER

DUST

CLOUD

Name: _____

Cloud Gazing

Date:

Cloud Formation:

Illustration:

Date:

Cloud Formation:

Illustration:

Date:

Cloud Formation:

Illustration:

Date:

Cloud Formation:

Illustration:

Name: _____

How Clouds Form

